

BJT Operation and Modeling

Dr. José Ernesto Rayas Sánchez

Some figures of this presentation were taken from the instructional resources of the following textbooks:

A. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, *Microelectronic Circuits*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press, 2003.

A. R. Hambley, *Electronics: A Top-Down Approach to Computer-Aided Circuit Design*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall, 2000.

R. C. Jaeger, *Microelectronic Circuits Design*. New York, NY: McGraw Hill, 1997.

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Outline

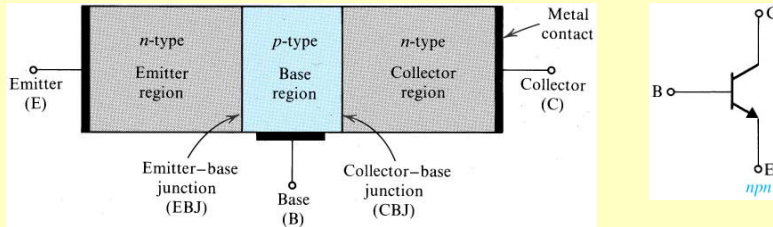
- Simplified physical structure and symbols
- Regions of operation
- Operation in the active region
- Models for the active region
- I-V characteristics: $i_C - v_{BE}$, $i_C - v_{CE}$, $i_C - v_{CB}$
- Early effect
- Models for the cutoff region
- Models for the saturation region
- Variation of β with I_C and temperature

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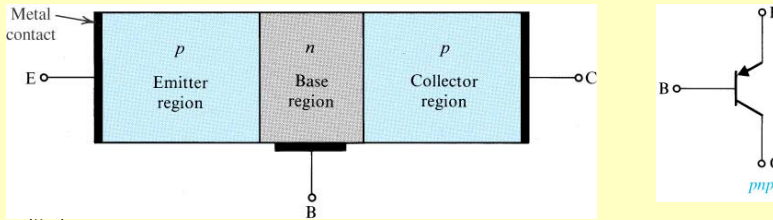
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Simplified Structure of a BJT and Symbol

- NPN Transistor



- PNP Transistor



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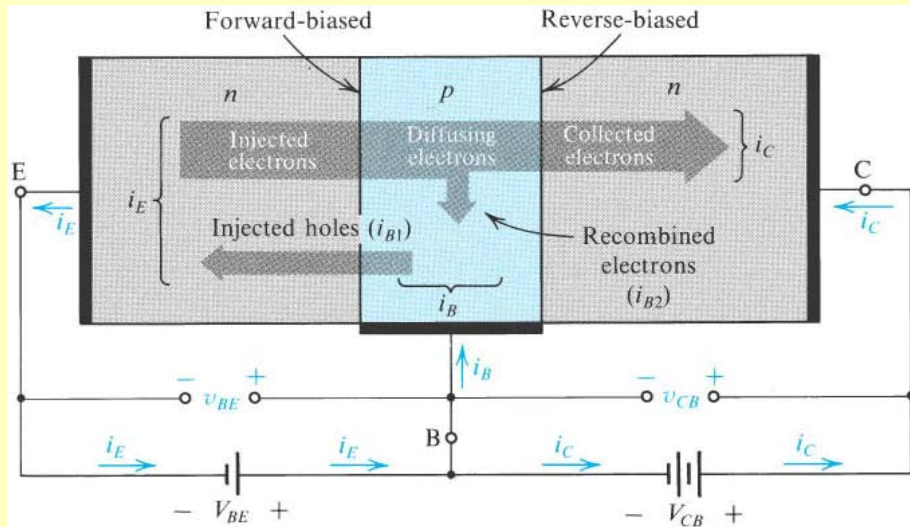
Regions of Operation of the BJT

		Collector-Base Junction (CB)	
		Forward-biased	Reversed-biased
Base-Emitter Junction (BE)	Forward-biased	Saturation Region (switch on)	Active Region (good amplifier)
	Reversed-biased	Inverted Active Region (poor amplifier)	Cutoff Region (switch off)

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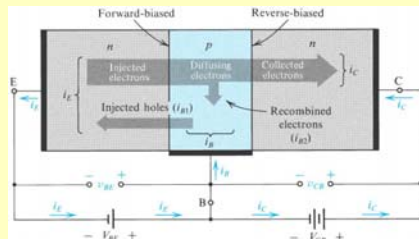
Operation in the Active Region



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Operation in the Active Region (cont)



- Junction BE behaves as a forward biased diode
- Junction CB behaves as a current controlled current source

$$i_B \approx I_{SB} e^{\frac{v_{BE}}{\eta V_T}}$$

$$i_C = \alpha i_E$$

Since $i_E = i_C + i_B$ then $i_C = \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha} i_B = \beta i_B$

$$i_E = i_B (\beta + 1)$$

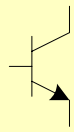
Typically, $32.3 \leq \beta \leq 332.3$

Typically, $0.970 \leq \alpha \leq 0.997$

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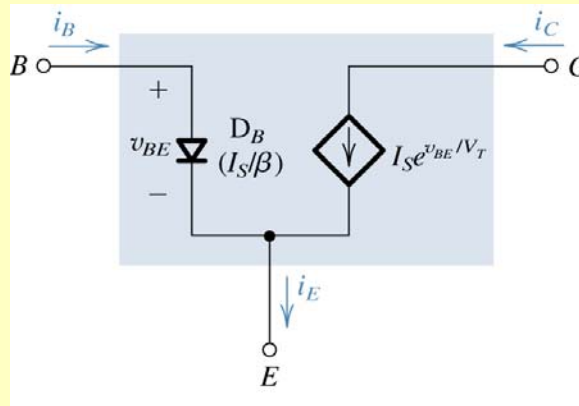
Models for the Active Region (NPN)



$$i_B = \frac{I_S}{\beta} e^{v_{BE}/V_T}$$

$$i_C = I_S e^{v_{BE}/V_T}$$

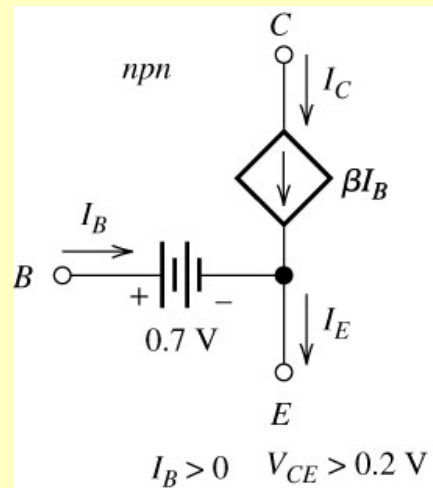
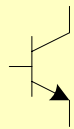
$$i_E = \frac{I_S}{\alpha} e^{v_{BE}/V_T}$$



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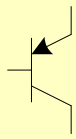
Models for the Active Region (NPN)



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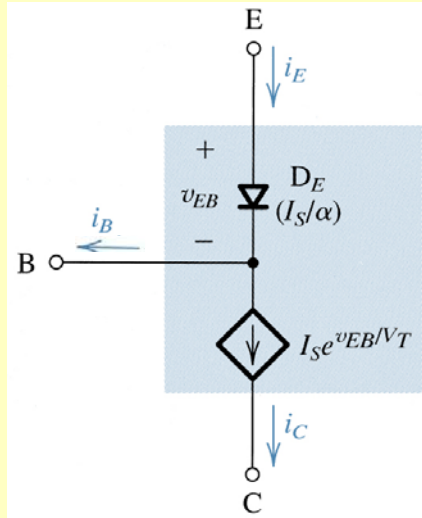
Models for the Active Region (PNP)



$$i_B = \frac{I_S}{\beta} e^{v_{EB}/V_T}$$

$$i_C = I_S e^{v_{EB}/V_T}$$

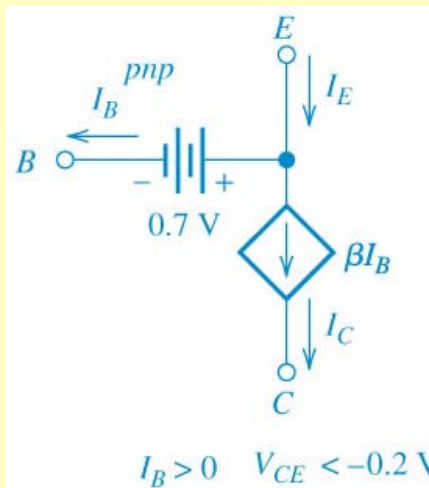
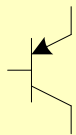
$$i_E = \frac{I_S}{\alpha} e^{v_{EB}/V_T}$$



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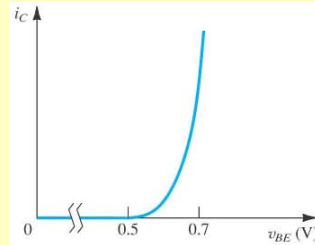
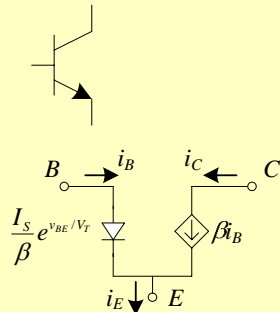
Models for the Active Region (NPN)



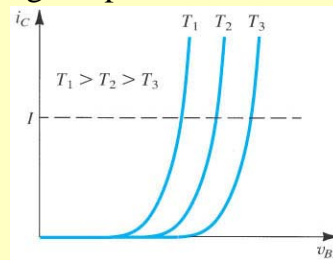
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I-V Characteristics ($i_C - v_{BE}$)



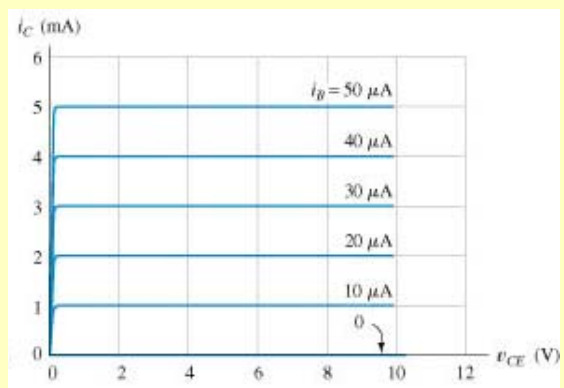
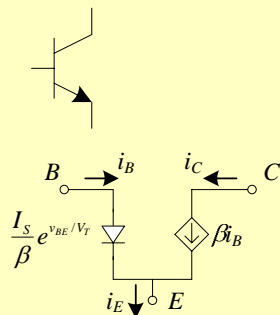
Considering temperature effects:



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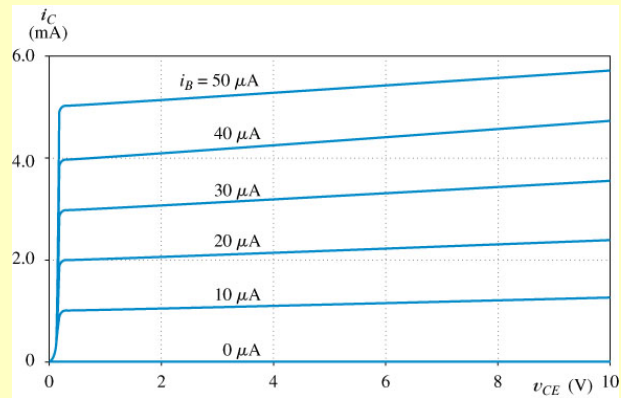
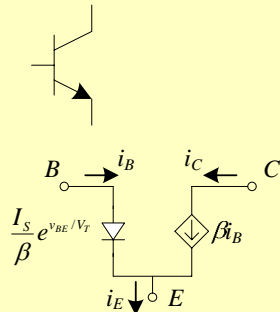
I-V Characteristics ($i_C - v_{CE}$ Ideal)



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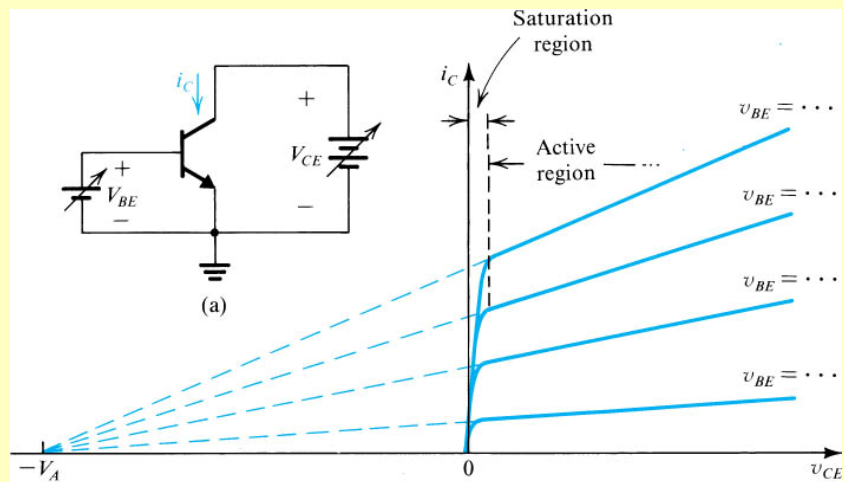
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I-V Characteristics ($i_C - v_{CE}$ Real)

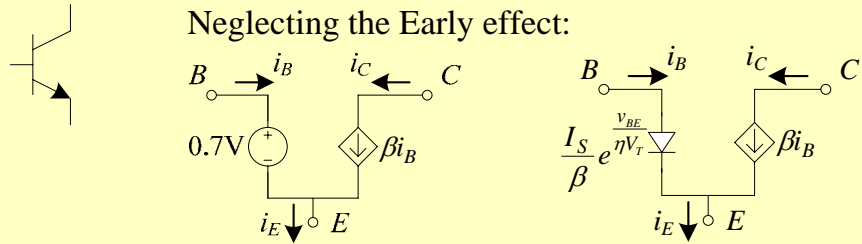


i_C increases with v_{CE} due to the Early effect

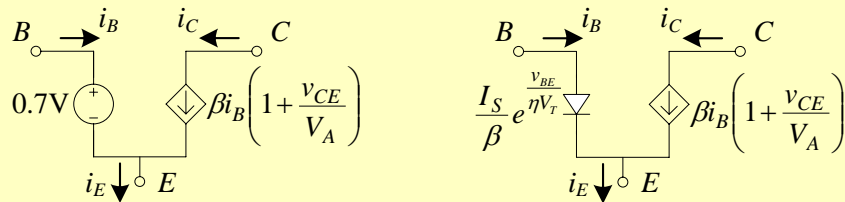
Early Effect and Early Voltage (V_A)



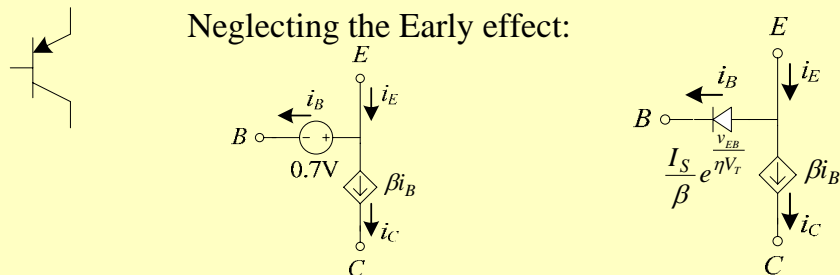
NPN BJT Models in the Active Region - Summary



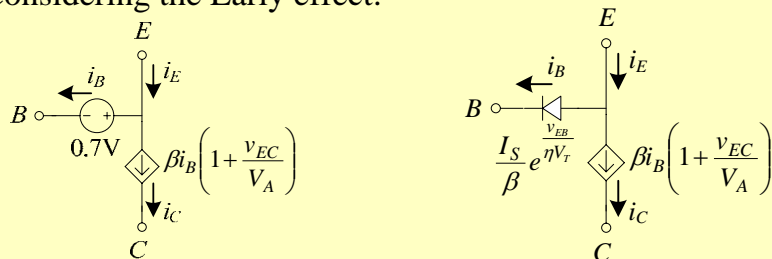
Considering the Early effect:



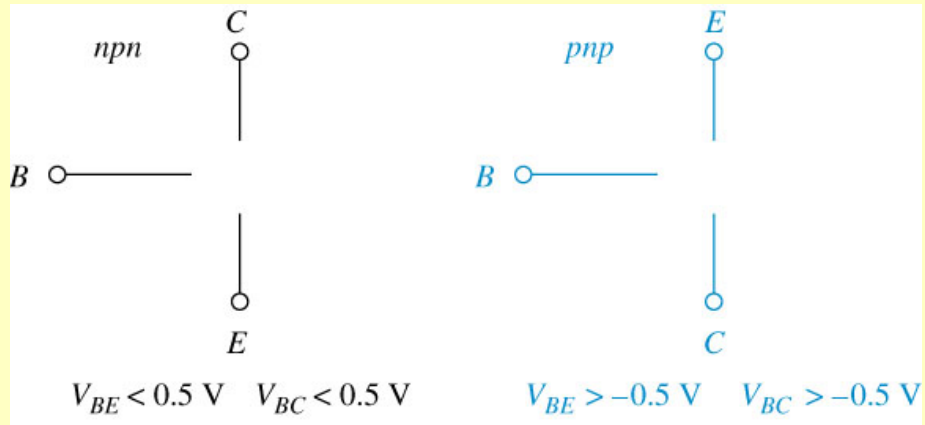
PNP BJT Models in the Active Region - Summary



Considering the Early effect:



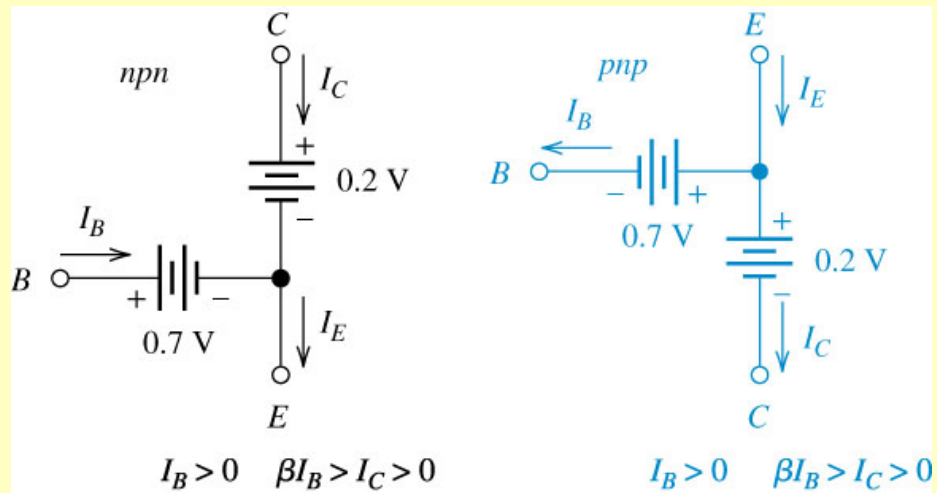
BJT Models for the Cutoff Region



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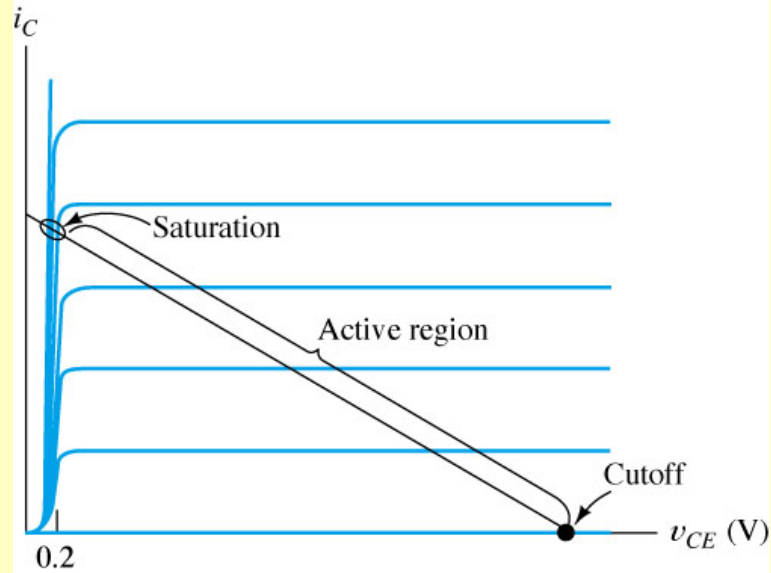
BJT Models for the Saturation Region



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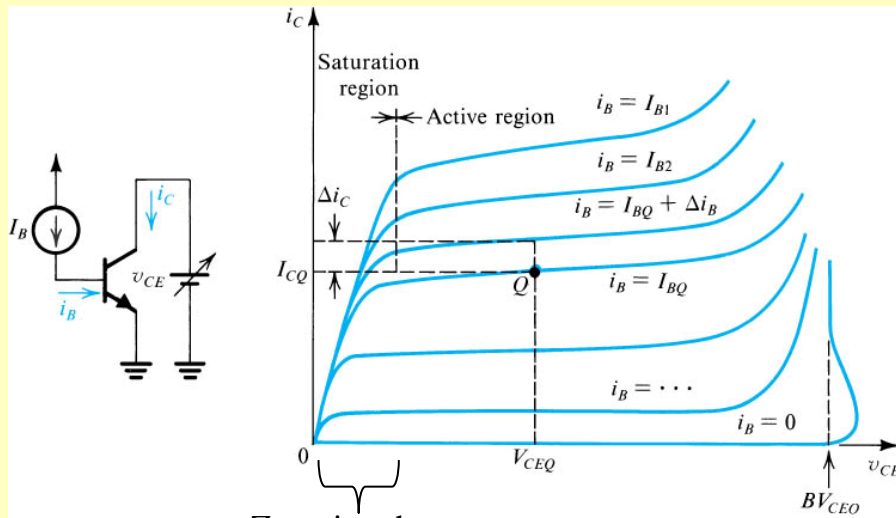
i_C - v_{CE} Characteristics



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i_C - v_{CE} Characteristics Including Breakdown

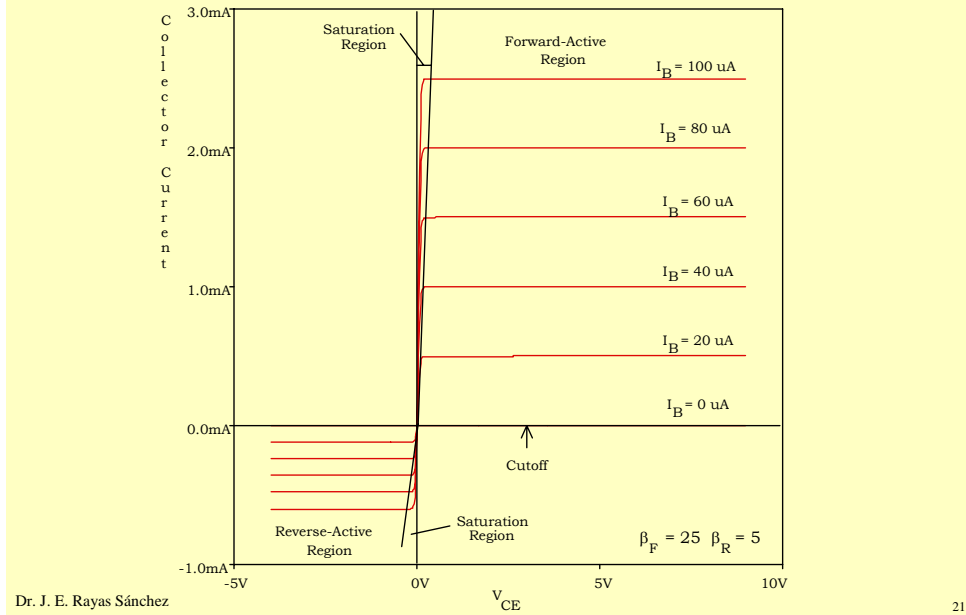


Zooming the saturation region

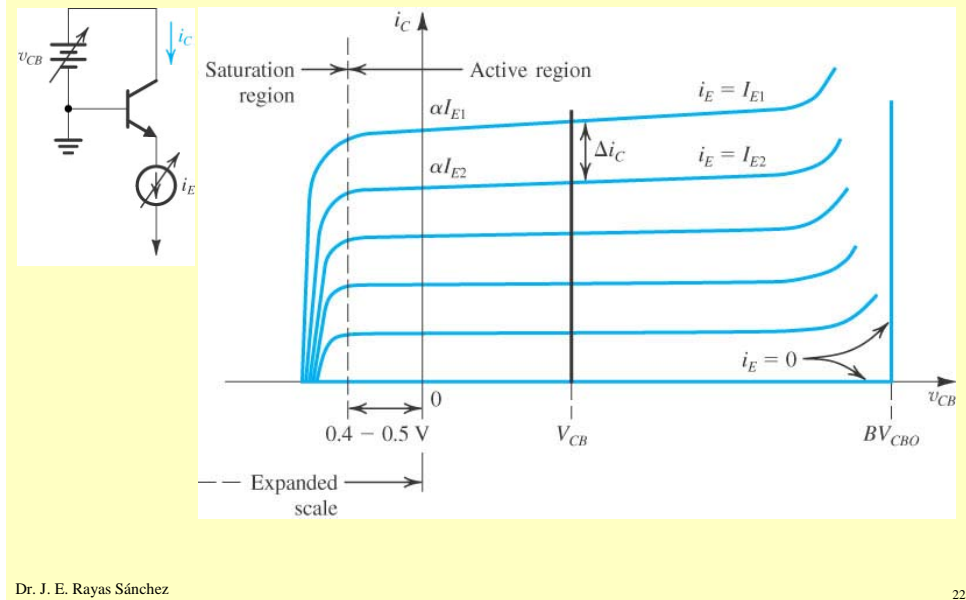
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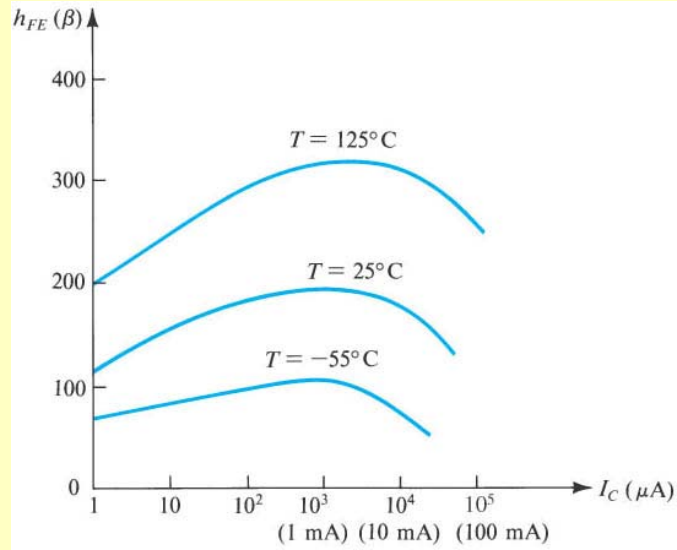
Active Region vs Inverted Active Region)



i_C - v_{CB} Characteristics



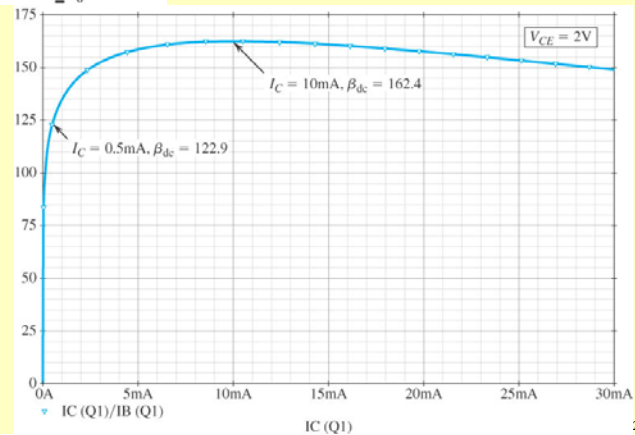
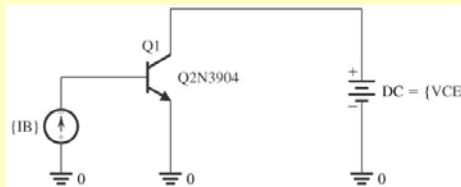
Typical Variation of β with I_C and Temperature



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Variation of β with I_C – An Example



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