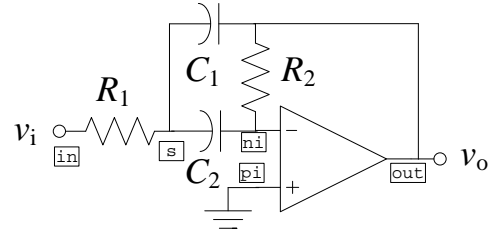


OPTIMIZING A MULTIPLE-FEEDBACK 2ND ORDER BAND-PASS FILTER: PROBLEM STATEMENT

Consider the following multiple-feedback 2nd order band-pass active filter. At a resonant frequency $f_0 = 15$ KHz, the magnitude of the voltage gain should be $|A_v| = 800$, with a bandwidth $BW = 750$ Hz.

The following Matlab script implements classical formulas to design this type of filters using ideal Op-Amps.



```
%           Design Procedure for an Ideal Multiple-Feedback Band-Pass Filter
%
% This program calculates the circuit element values of an ideal multiple-feedback
% band-pass active filter.
% Reference:
% S. Franco, Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated
% Circuits. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 1988, pp. 130-131.

fo = 15e3;    % Resonant frequency (Hz).
BW = 750;    % Bandwidth (Hz).
C = 1e-9;    % Capacitors C1=C2 (F).
Q = fo/BW;   % Quality factor.
R2 = Q/(pi*fo*C);
R1 = R2/(4*Q^2);
Resonant_gain = -2*Q^2;
```

If $C_1 = C_2 = 1$ nF, and $f_0 = 15$ KHz with $BW = 750$ Hz, then

$Q = 20$, $|A_v| = 800$ at f_0 , yielding $R_1 = 265.26 \Omega$ and $R_2 = 424.41$ K Ω .

Simulating the corresponding filter with SPICE using a quasi-ideal Op-Amp:

Ideal Multiple-Feedback 2nd Order Band-Pass Filter

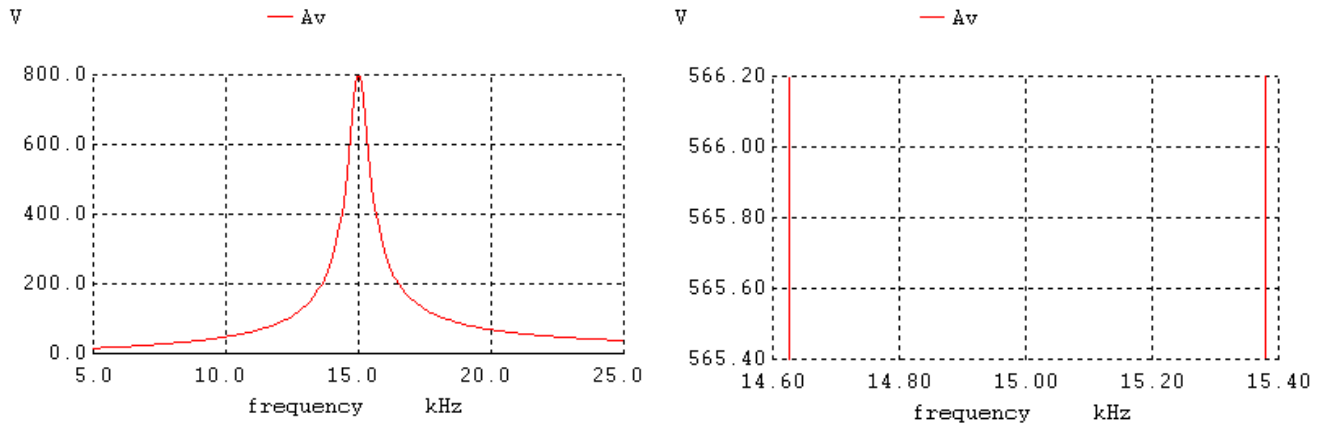
```
Vi  in  0    DC 0V AC 1V
R1  in  s    265.26
R2  out ni  424.41K
C1  s   out  1nF
C2  s   ni   1nF
XOA1 ni 0 out QuasiIdealOpAmp

.lib C:\command_line_ WinSpice\MisModelosSpice.txt

.control
delete all
AC LIN 300 5KHz 25KHz
Av = mag(v(out)/v(in))
plot Av
.endc
.end
```

Notice that the Op-Amp model QuasiIdealOpAmp is defined within the library file MisModelosSpice.txt.

SPICE results are shown below, fulfilling the design specifications almost exactly.



Since $800/\sqrt{2} = 565.68$, notice that the obtained bandwidth is almost 750 Hz (15.38KHz – 14.63KHz).

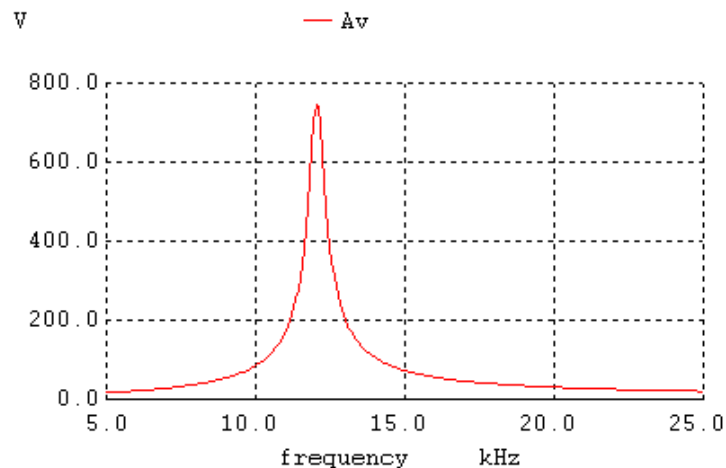
Now the filter is simulated using a more realistic Op-Amp model:

Multiple-Feedback 2nd Order Band-Pass Filter

```
Vcc vp 0 DC 12V
Vee vn 0 DC -12V
Vi in 0 DC 0V AC 1V
R1 in s 265.26
R2 out ni 424.41K
C1 s out 1nF
C2 s ni 1nF
XOA1 0 ni vp vn out uA741
.lib C:\command_line_WinSpice\MisModelosSpice.txt

.control
delete all
AC LIN 300 5KHz 25KHz
Av = mag(v(out)/v(in))
plot Av
.endc
.end
```

The new SPICE results are shown below, which clearly violates the design specifications.



The Op-Amp models used in the above SPICE netlists are:

```
* Subcircuit for a Quasi Ideal OpAmp
.SUBCKT QuasiIdealOpAmp N P OUT
Ri N P 1000MEGAohms
Ro I OUT 0.01ohm
Eo I 0 P N 100E6
.ENDS

* UA741 OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER "MACROMODEL" SUBCIRCUIT
* Texas Instruments
* CREATED USING PARTS RELEASE 4.01 ON 07/05/89 AT 09:09
* (REV N/A) SUPPLY VOLTAGE: +/-15V
* CONNECTIONS: NON-INVERTING INPUT
* | INVERTING INPUT
* | | POSITIVE POWER SUPPLY
* | | | NEGATIVE POWER SUPPLY
* | | | | OUTPUT
* | | | | |
.SUBCKT UA741 1 2 3 4 5
*
C1 11 12 4.664E-12
C2 6 7 20.00E-12
DC 5 53 DX
DE 54 5 DX
DLP 90 91 DX
DLN 92 90 DX
DP 4 3 DX
EGND 99 0 POLY(2) (3,0) (4,0) 0 .5 .5
FB 7 99 POLY(5) VB VC VE VLP VLN 0 10.61E6 -10E6 10E6 10E6 -10E6
GA 6 0 11 12 137.7E-6
GCM 0 6 10 99 2.574E-9
IEE 10 4 DC 10.16E-6
HLIM 90 0 VLIM 1K
Q1 11 2 13 QX
Q2 12 1 14 QX
R2 6 9 100.0E3
RC1 3 11 7.957E3
RC2 3 12 7.957E3
RE1 13 10 2.740E3
RE2 14 10 2.740E3
REE 10 99 19.69E6
RO1 8 5 150
RO2 7 99 150
RP 3 4 18.11E3
VB 9 0 DC 0
VC 3 53 DC 2.600
VE 54 4 DC 2.600
VLIM 7 8 DC 0
VLP 91 0 DC 25
VLN 0 92 DC 25
.MODEL DX D(IS=800.0E-18)
.MODEL QX NPN(IS=800.0E-18 BF=62.50)
.ENDS
```

Creating a Matlab driver to simulate the filter in WinSpice:

```
% ~~~~~  
%           Matlab Driver for a Multiple-Feedback 2nd Order Band-Pass  
%           Filter Simulated in WinSpice  
%  
% This function drives WinSpice to simulate a multiple-feedback 2nd order  
% band-pass filter in frequency domain using a realistic Op-Amp model.  
% Usage: [f,mAv,pAv] = MFBP2_SPICE(x,IF,FF,FP)  
%       x: vector of selected design variables.  
%       IF: Initial frequency (Hz).  
%       FF: Final frequency (Hz).  
%       FP: Number of frequency points per frequency sweep.  
%       f: column vector containing the FP simulated frequency points (Hz).  
%       mAv: column vector containing the magnitude of the voltage gain (V/V).  
%       pAv: column vector containing the phase of the voltage gain (degrees).  
% Functions required: None.  
  
function [f,mAv,pAv] = MFBP2_SPICE(x,IF,FF,FP)  
  
% WinSpice Executable File in Command Line Mode  
WinSpiceExe = 'C:\command_line_WinSpice\wspice3';  
  
% WinSpice Project File Name  
WinSpiceProjectFileName = 'MFBP2_m.cir';  
  
% Design Variables, x  
R1 = x(1);  
R2 = x(2)*1e3; % Convert R2 from Kohms to ohms.  
C1 = x(3)*1e-9; % Convert C from nF to F.  
C2 = C1;  
  
% Define WinSpice Script, ws  
ws{1} = 'Multiple-Feedback 2nd Order Band-Pass Filter';  
ws{2} = 'Vcc vp 0 DC 12V';  
ws{3} = 'Vee vn 0 DC -12V';  
ws{4} = 'Vi in 0 DC 0V AC 1V';  
ws{5} = ['R1 in s ' mat2str(R1)];  
ws{6} = ['R2 out ni ' mat2str(R2)];  
ws{7} = ['C1 s out ' mat2str(C1)];  
ws{8} = ['C2 s ni ' mat2str(C2)];  
ws{9} = 'XOAI 0 ni vp vn out uA741';  
ws{10} = '.lib C:\command_line_WinSpice\MisModelosSpice.txt';  
ws{11} = '.control';  
ws{12} = 'delete all';  
ws{13} = ['AC LIN ' mat2str(FP) ' ' mat2str(IF) ' ' mat2str(FF)];  
ws{14} = 'mAv = mag(v(out)/v(in))';  
ws{15} = 'pAv = phase(v(out)/v(in))';  
ws{16} = 'write AC_response.csv mAv pAv';  
ws{17} = 'quit';  
ws{18} = '.endc';  
ws{19} = '.end';  
  
% Save WinSpice Script as a Circuit File in Matlab Working Directory  
ckt_file = char(ws);  
[rows,~] = size(ckt_file);  
fid = fopen(WinSpiceProjectFileName,'w+'); % File identifier opened.  
for i = 1:rows  
    fprintf(fid, '%s', ckt_file(i,:)); % Save each row of ckt_file.  
    fprintf(fid, '%s\r\n', '');  
end  
fclose(fid); % File identifier closed.  
  
% Run WinSpice  
system([WinSpiceExe ' ' WinSpiceProjectFileName]);
```

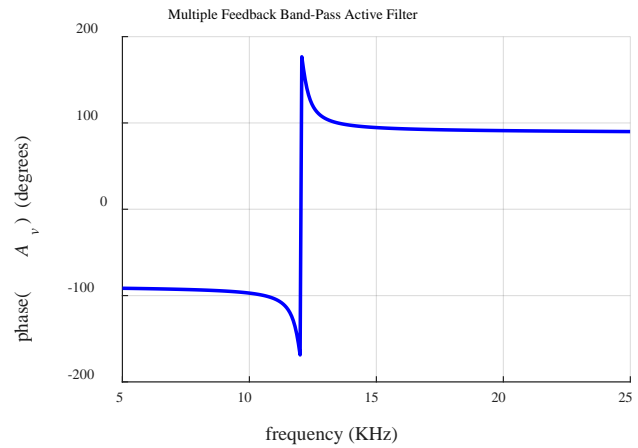
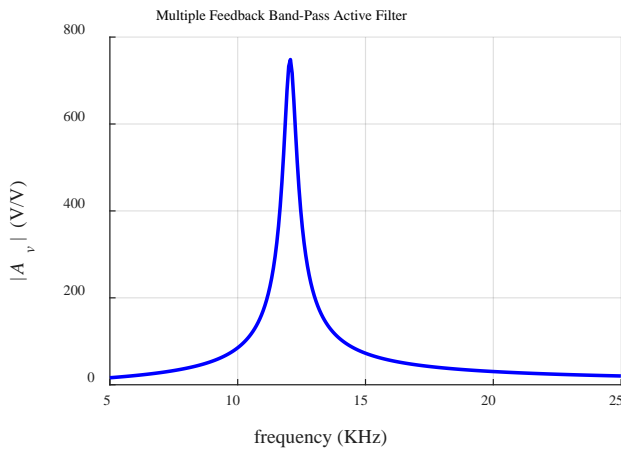
```

% Read WinSpice Output Files
RespAC = csvread('AC_response.csv',1,0); % Read AC responses.
f = RespAC(:,1);
mAv = RespAC(:,3);
pAv = RespAC(:,5)*180/pi;

% Erase Data Files
delete AC_response.csv;

```

Running the previous Matlab function and plotting the corresponding responses:



Based on the previous Matlab function, write a suitable objective function to optimize the filter such that it fulfills the desired performance for $|A_v|$. For the optimization method use: a) the Nelder-Mead method available in Matlab (`fminsearch`); b) your algorithm for Conjugate Gradient optimization; c) your algorithm for Quasi-Newton optimization.